

No. 1365268.0A

(Please quote this number in all correspondence)

CLIENT:

SAMPLE RECEIVED FROM: Textilia Ltd.

Date Received:

11.3.21

Textilia Ltd. PO Box 37 378

Parnell, Auckland

Client Order No.:

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:

Upholstery woven fabric - Kyoto Sumi

Nominal Composition - 90% Wool 10% Polyamide

Nominal Weight - 469 grammes per lineal metre

Attn.: Therese Ronalde

Client Reference:

1 of 3

AS/NZS 1530.3 - 1999 Methods for Fire Tests on Building Materials, Components and Structures Part 3: Simultaneous Determination of Ignitability, Flame Propagation, **Heat Release and Smoke Release**

Note: This test was sub-contracted (Test No. 21-001256).

Face Tested: Face

	Standard Error	Mean	
Ignition Time	0.32	5.69 min.	
Flame Propagation Time	Nil	Nil sec.	
Heat Release Integral	1.3	7.6 kJ/m ²	
Smoke Release, log d	0.1191	-2.4566	
Optical Density, d		0.0041/metre	
Number of Specimens Ignited		6	
Number of Specimens Tested		6	
Regulatory Indices:			
Ignitability Index		14	Panga () 20
Spread of Flame Index		0	Range 0-20
•		-	Range 0-10
Heat Evolved Index		0	Range 0-10
Smoke Developed Index		0-1	Range 0-10

L A Greer Signatory

Judan Signatory 25/03/2021



NZWTA

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The reaction of thin unsupported flexible materials to flame impingement can be assessed in accordance with AS 1530.2. Where materials of thickness less than 2mm that are sufficiently flexible to be bent by hand around a mandrel of 2mm diameter or less are subjected to the test described herein, they should also be subjected to the test in AS 1530.2.

Smoke Developed Index is reported as 0-1 due to inability of the smoke measurement equipment to resolve an index of zero.

Each test specimen had an unattached backing of 4.5mm thick fibre reinforced cement board.

Each test specimen was restrained on the exposed face by a layer of galvanised welded square mesh made from wire of nominal diameter 0.8mm and nominal spacing 12mm in both directions and securely fixed to a backing board at four points each 100mm from the centre of the sample and the assembly clamped in four places.

To allow free movement of the sample during testing all corners were folded away from the clamps.

These results only apply to the specimen mounted, as described in this report. The result of this fire test may be used to directly assess fire hazard, but it should be recognised that a single test method will not provide a full assessment of fire hazard under all fire conditions.

L A Greer Signatory C Judan Signatory 25/03/2021